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chartered corporate credit union, beyond those powers and authorities provided under the laws of the state in which it was chartered.

- (b) A state-chartered corporate credit union that is not insured by the NCUSIF, but that receives funds from federally insured credit unions, is considered an "institution-affiliated party" within the meaning of Section 206(r) of the Federal Credit Union Act, 12 U.S.C. 1786(r).
- (c) NCUA will notify, consult with, and provide explanation to the appropriate state supervisory authority before taking administrative action against a state-chartered corporate credit union.

§704.18 Fidelity bond coverage.

- (a) *Scope.* This section provides the fidelity bond requirements for employees and officials in corporate credit unions.
- (b) Review of coverage. The board of directors of each corporate credit union shall, at least annually, carefully review the bond coverage in force to determine its adequacy in relation to risk exposure and to the minimum requirements in this section.
- (c) Minimum coverage; approved forms. Every corporate credit union will maintain bond coverage with a company holding a certificate of authority from the Secretary of the Treasury. All bond forms, and any riders and endorsements which limit the coverage provided by approved bond forms, must receive the prior written approval of NCUA. Fidelity bonds must provide coverage for the fraud and dishonesty of all employees, directors, officers, and supervisory and credit committee members. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all bonds must include a provision, in a form approved by NCUA, re-

quiring written notification by surety to NCUA:

- (1) When the bond of a credit union is terminated in its entirety;
- (2) When bond coverage is terminated, by issuance of a written notice, on an employee, director, officer, supervisory or credit committee member; or
- (3) When a deductible is increased above permissible limits. Said notification shall be sent to NCUA and shall include a brief statement of cause for termination or increase.
- (d) Minimum coverage amounts. (1) The minimum amount of bond coverage will be computed based on the corporate credit union's daily average net assets for the preceding calendar year. The following table lists the minimum requirements:

Daily average net assets	Minimum bond (million)
Less than \$50 million	\$1.0
\$50-\$99 million	2.0
\$100–\$499 million	4.0
\$500-\$999 million	6.0
\$1.0–\$1.999 billion	8.0
\$2.0-\$4.999 billion	10.0
\$5.0–\$9.999 billion	15.0
\$10.0-\$24.999 billion	20.0
\$25.0 billion plus	25.0

- (2) It is the duty of the board of directors of each corporate credit union to provide adequate protection to meet its unique circumstances by obtaining, when necessary, bond coverage in excess of the minimums in the table in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.
- (e) Deductibles. (1) The maximum amount of deductibles allowed are based on the corporate credit union's reserve ratio. The following table sets out the maximum deductibles, except that in each category the maximum deductible shall be \$5 million:

Reserve ratio	Maximum deductible
Less than 1.0 percent	12.0 percent of the sum of reserves and undivided earnings and paid-in capital.

(2) A deductible may be applied separately to one or more insuring clauses in a blanket bond. Deductibles in excess of those showing in this section

must have the written approval of NCUA at least 30 calendar days prior to the effective date of the deductibles.

(f) Additional coverage. NCUA may require additional coverage for any corporate credit union when, in the opinion of NCUA, current coverage is insufficient. The board of directors of the corporate credit union must obtain additional coverage within 30 calendar days after the date of written notice from NCUA.

§ 704.19 Wholesale corporate credit unions.

- (a) *General*. Wholesale corporate credit unions are subject to the preceding requirements of this part, except as set forth in this section.
- (b) *Capital.* (1) A wholesale corporate credit union will maintain a minimum capital ratio of 5 percent.
- (2) A wholesale corporate credit union shall make reserve transfers at the lower of .10 percent of its moving daily average net assets or the amount that would be required under §704.3(c).
- (i) Required transfers are to be made from earnings in either the prior calendar month or prior twelve-month period. Transfers made during the prior twelve-month period must be greater than or equal to the aggregate amount of required reserve transfers for each of the months in that twelve-month period.
- (ii) NCUA and, in the case of statechartered wholesale corporate credit unions, the state supervisory authority, must be notified within 30 calendar days of the close of any calendar month in which a wholesale corporate credit union's required reserve transfer exceeds earnings for that month. The notice must include the dollar amounts of the required reserve transfer and earnings for that month and for the prior twelve-month period. The notice must also provide an explanation of why the current month's required reserve transfer exceeded earnings for that month.
- (c) Asset and liability management. (1) In conducting the interest rate sensitivity analysis set forth in §704.8(d)(1)(i), a wholesale corporate credit union must limit its risk exposure to levels that do not result, at any time, in an NEV ratio below .75 percent or a decline in NEV of more than 35 percent.

(2) A wholesale corporate credit union must obtain, at its expense, an annual third-party review of its asset and liability management modeling system.

APPENDIX A TO PART 704—MODEL FORMS

This appendix contains sample forms intended for use by corporate credit unions to aid in compliance with the membership capital account and paid-in capital disclosure requirements of §704.2. Corporate credit unions that use this form will be in compliance with those requirements.

Sample Form 1

Terms and Conditions of Membership Capital Account

- (1) A membership capital account is not subject to share insurance coverage by the NCUSIF or other deposit insurer.
- (2) A member credit union may withdraw membership capital with three years' notice.
- (3) Membership capital cannot be used to pledge borrowings.
- (4) Membership capital is available to cover losses that exceed reserves and undivided earnings and paid-in capital.
- (5) Where the corporate credit union is liquidated, membership capital accounts are payable only after satisfaction of all liabilities of the liquidation estate including uninsured obligations to shareholders and the NCUSIF.

If the form is used when an account is opened, it must also contain the following statement:

I have read the above terms and conditions and I understand them. I further agree to maintain in the credit union's files the annual notice of terms and conditions of the membership capital account.

The form must be signed by either all of the directors of the member credit union or, if authorized by board resolution, the chair and secretary of the board of the credit union.

If the form is used for the annual notice requirement, it must be signed by the chair of the corporate credit union. The chair must then sign a statement which certifies that the form has been sent to member credit unions with membership capital accounts. The certification must be maintained in the corporate credit union's files and be available for examiner review.

Sample Form 2

Terms and Conditions of Paid-In Capital

- (1) Paid-in capital is not subject to share insurance coverage by the NCUSIF or other deposit insurer.
- (2) The funds are callable only at the option of the corporate credit union and only if